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Special-Use IPv4 Addresses

Status of this Memo

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Abstract

This document describes the global and other specialized IPv4 address blocks that have been assigned by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA). It does not address IPv4 address space assigned to operators and users through the Regional Internet Registries. It also does not address allocations or assignments of IPv6 addresses or autonomous system numbers.

1. Introduction

Throughout its entire history, the Internet has employed a central Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) responsible for the allocation and assignment of various identifiers needed for the operation of the Internet [RFC1174]. In the case of the IPv4 address space, the IANA allocates parts of the address space to Regional Internet Registries according to their established needs. These Regional Internet Registries are responsible for the assignment of IPv4 addresses to operators and users of the Internet within their regions.

Minor portions of the IPv4 address space have been allocated or assigned directly by the IANA for global or other specialized purposes. These allocations and assignments have been documented in a variety of RFCs and other documents. This document is intended to collect these scattered references.

On an ongoing basis, the IANA has been designated by the IETF to make assignments in support of the Internet Standards Process [RFC2860]. Section 4 of this document describes that assignment process.

2. Global and Other Specialized Address Blocks

0.0.0.0/8 - Addresses in this block refer to source hosts on "this" network. Address 0.0.0.0/32 may be used as a source address for this host on this network; other addresses within 0.0.0.0/8 may be used to refer to specified hosts on this network [RFC1700, page 4].

10.0.0.0/8 - This block is set aside for use in private networks. Its intended use is documented in [RFC1918]. Addresses within this block should not appear on the public Internet.

14.0.0.0/8 - This block is set aside for assignments to the international system of Public Data Networks [RFC1700, page 181]. The registry of assignments within this block can be accessed from the "Public Data Network Numbers" link on the web page at <http://www.iana.org/numbers.html>. Addresses within this block are assigned to users and should be treated as such.

24.0.0.0/8 - This block was allocated in early 1996 for use in provisioning IP service over cable television systems. Although the IANA initially was involved in making assignments to cable operators, this responsibility was transferred to American Registry for Internet Numbers (ARIN) in May 2001. Addresses within this block are assigned in the normal manner and should be treated as such.

39.0.0.0/8 - This block was used in the "Class A Subnet Experiment" that commenced in May 1995, as documented in [RFC1797]. The experiment has been completed and this block has been returned to the pool of addresses reserved for future allocation or assignment. This block therefore no longer has a special use and is subject to allocation to a Regional Internet Registry for assignment in the normal manner.

127.0.0.0/8 - This block is assigned for use as the Internet host loopback address. A datagram sent by a higher level protocol to an address anywhere within this block should loop back inside the host. This is ordinarily implemented using only 127.0.0.1/32 for loopback, but no addresses within this block should ever appear on any network

anywhere [RFC1700, page 5].

128.0.0.0/16 - This block, corresponding to the numerically lowest of the former Class B addresses, was initially and is still reserved by the IANA. Given the present classless nature of the IP address space, the basis for the reservation no longer applies and addresses in this block are subject to future allocation to a Regional Internet Registry for assignment in the normal manner.

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169.254.0.0/16 - This is the "link local" block. It is allocated for communication between hosts on a single link. Hosts obtain these addresses by auto-configuration, such as when a DHCP server may not be found.

172.16.0.0/12 - This block is set aside for use in private networks. Its intended use is documented in [RFC1918]. Addresses within this block should not appear on the public Internet.

191.255.0.0/16 - This block, corresponding to the numerically highest to the former Class B addresses, was initially and is still reserved by the IANA. Given the present classless nature of the IP address space, the basis for the reservation no longer applies and addresses in this block are subject to future allocation to a Regional Internet Registry for assignment in the normal manner.

192.0.0.0/24 - This block, corresponding to the numerically lowest of the former Class C addresses, was initially and is still reserved by the IANA. Given the present classless nature of the IP address space, the basis for the reservation no longer applies and addresses in this block are subject to future allocation to a Regional Internet Registry for assignment in the normal manner.

192.0.2.0/24 - This block is assigned as "TEST-NET" for use in documentation and example code. It is often used in conjunction with domain names example.com or example.net in vendor and protocol

documentation. Addresses within this block should not appear on the public Internet.

192.88.99.0/24 - This block is allocated for use as 6to4 relay anycast addresses, according to [RFC3068].

192.168.0.0/16 - This block is set aside for use in private networks.

Its intended use is documented in [RFC1918]. Addresses within this block should not appear on the public Internet.

198.18.0.0/15 - This block has been allocated for use in benchmark tests of network interconnect devices. Its use is documented in [RFC2544].

223.255.255.0/24 - This block, corresponding to the numerically highest of the former Class C addresses, was initially and is still reserved by the IANA. Given the present classless nature of the IP address space, the basis for the reservation no longer applies and addresses in this block are subject to future allocation to a Regional Internet Registry for assignment in the normal manner.

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224.0.0.0/4 - This block, formerly known as the Class D address space, is allocated for use in IPv4 multicast address assignments. The IANA guidelines for assignments from this space are described in [RFC3171].

240.0.0.0/4 - This block, formerly known as the Class E address space, is reserved. The "limited broadcast" destination address 255.255.255.255 should never be forwarded outside the (sub-)net of the source. The remainder of this space is reserved for future use. [RFC1700, page 4]

3. Summary Table

Address Block Reference	Present Use	
0.0.0.0/8	"This" Network	[RFC1700, page 4]
10.0.0.0/8 [RFC1918]	Private-Use Networks	
14.0.0.0/8 [181]	Public-Data Networks	[RFC1700, page 181]
24.0.0.0/8	Cable Television Networks	-

39.0.0.0/8	Reserved but subject to allocation	
[RFC1797]		
127.0.0.0/8	Loopback	[RFC1700, page 5]
128.0.0.0/16	Reserved but subject to allocation	-
-		
169.254.0.0/16	Link Local	-
-		
172.16.0.0/12	Private-Use Networks	
[RFC1918]		
191.255.0.0/16	Reserved but subject to allocation	-
-		
192.0.0.0/24	Reserved but subject to allocation	-
-		
192.0.2.0/24	Test-Net	
192.88.99.0/24	6to4 Relay Anycast	
[RFC3068]		
192.168.0.0/16	Private-Use Networks	
[RFC1918]		
198.18.0.0/15	Network Interconnect Device Benchmark Testing	
[RFC2544]		
223.255.255.0/24	Reserved but subject to allocation	-
-		
224.0.0.0/4	Multicast	
[RFC3171]		
240.0.0.0/4	Reserved for Future Use	[RFC1700, page 4]

4. Assignments of IPv4 Blocks for New Specialized Uses

The IANA has responsibility for making assignments of protocol parameters used in the Internet according to the requirements of the

"Memorandum of Understanding Concerning the Technical Work of the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority" [RFC2860]. Among other things,

[RFC2860] requires that protocol parameters be assigned according to

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the criteria and procedures specified in RFCs, including Proposed, Draft, and full Internet Standards and Best Current Practice documents, and any other RFC that calls for IANA assignment.

The domain name and IP address spaces involve policy issues (in addition to technical issues) so that the requirements of [RFC2860]

do not apply generally to those spaces. Nonetheless, the IANA is responsible for ensuring assignments of IPv4 addresses as needed in support of the Internet Standards Process. When a portion of the IPv4 address space is specifically required by an RFC, the technical

requirements (e.g., size, prefix length) for the portion should be described [RFC2434]. Immediately before the RFC is published, the IANA will, in consultation with the Regional Internet Registries, make the necessary assignment and notify the RFC Editor of the particulars for inclusion in the RFC as published.

As required by [RFC2860], the IANA will also make necessary experimental assignments of IPv4 addresses, also in consultation with the Regional Internet Registries.

5. Security Considerations

The particular assigned values of special-use IPv4 addresses cataloged in this document do not directly raise security issues. However, the Internet does not inherently protect against abuse of these addresses; if you expect (for instance) that all packets from the 10.0.0.0/8 block originate within your subnet, all border routers

should filter such packets that originate from elsewhere. Attacks have been mounted that depend on the unexpected use of some of these addresses.

6. IANA Considerations

This document describes the IANA's past and current practices and does not create any new requirements for assignments or allocations by the IANA.

7. References

[RFC1174] Cerf, V., "IAB Recommended Policy on Distributing Internet Identifier Assignment and IAB Recommended Policy Change to Internet 'Connected' Status", RFC 1174, August 1990.

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[RFC1797] IANA, "Class A Subnet Experiment", RFC 1797, April 1995.

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[RFC1918] Rekhter, Y., Moskowitz, B., Karrenberg, D., de Groot, G. J., and E. Lear, "Address Allocation for Private

Internets", BCP 5, RFC 1918, February 1996.

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Network Interconnect Devices", RFC 2544, March 1999.
- [RFC2860] Carpenter, B., Baker, F., and M. Roberts, "Memorandum of Understanding Concerning the Technical Work of the
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- [RFC3171] Albanna, Z., Almeroth, K., Meyer, D., and M. Schipper, "IANA Guidelines for IPv4 Multicast Address Assignments", BCP 51, RFC 3171, August 2001.
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8. Acknowledgments

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